A. Get ready B. Conduct Environmental Analysis

Write Conclusions,
Mitigation and
Monitoring Plan

D. Finalize & submit



Step C:

Write Conclusions, Mitigation & Monitoring Plan

(Section 4 of the IEE)

## Note: Judging the significance of impacts

Section 4 of the IEE requires you to judge the SIGNIFICANCE of impacts.

Significance depends largely on 2 factors:

- Context of the impact (environmental context AND policies, laws & local values)
- Intensity of the impact

In part, this is often a VALUE JUDGMENT



## Note: Judging the significance of impacts

that tend to increase the significance of adverse impacts include:

#### When the impact. . .

Evinces public concern or controversy.

May set a precedent for how similar situations are addressed in future.

Affects protected habitats, land or ecosystems.

Affects habitats, land or ecosystems which may not be protected, but which are particularly valued for aesthetics, recreation, cultural reasons.

Affects resource availability critical to subsistence & livelihood.

Disrupts local customs.

Is subject to law, policy or regulation that treat the impact as a matter of particular concern.

Has a high or unknown potential impact public health and safety.

## Note: Judging the significance of impacts

## **Example: Context & Intensity**



An improved pit latrine is planned at a new market site.

The most significant potential impact of latrines is usually the potential for groundwater contamination.

Construction impacts are typically minimal.

# How can CONTEXT affect the significance of impacts?

A shallow well serving a primary school is located 10m away.

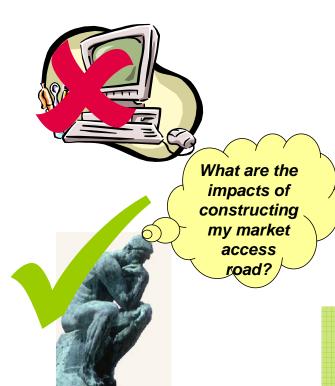
The planned site contains a sacred stone, tree or shrine.

National law requires that any potential impacts on groundwater is considered significant and requires district approval.

#### What about INTENSITY?

A 10-seat latrine is planned to serve 1000 persons/day

## **BEFORE YOU WRITE...**



## **DON'T WRITE YET!**

## Step back and consider:

- Based on your analysis. . .what recommendation seems likely for EACH activity WITHOUT mitigation and monitoring not already part of the activity design?
- What may change once mitigation and monitoring is added?

OK. . . NOW proceed to write the mitigation and monitoring plan

## Write the mitigation & monitoring plan

IEE Section 3:
Evaluation of
Environmental
Impact Potential

IEE Section 4:
Recommended
Threshold
Decisions and
Mitigation
Actions

## A.Recommended threshold decisions and conditions

Includes justifications for any categorical exclusions.

## **B.Mitigation**, monitoring and evaluation

Remember, mitigation & monitoring plans should specify what, who, how much, when and why!

Write mitigation and monitoring BEFORE making recommended determinations!

WHY? Because mitigation should reduce the significance of impacts!

## Write the mitigation & monitoring plan

IEE Section 3:
Evaluation of
Environmental
Impact Potential

IEE Section 4:
Recommended
Threshold
Decisions and
Mitigation
Actions

## A.Recommended threshold decisions and conditions

Includes justifications for any categorical exclusions.

B.Mitigation, monitoring and evaluation Remember, mitigation & monitoring plans should specify what, who, how much, when and why!

Once mitigation and monitoring is specified, you are ready to make your recommended determinations.

REMEMBER, each activity receives one of 4 determinations.

## Recommended Determinations in the IEE

## Based on IEE section 3 & 4.b, make a recommendation for EACH activity. . .

Recommendation	Reg. 216 terminology	Implications (if IEE is approved)
No significant adverse environmental impacts	NEGATIVE DETERMINATION	Activity passes environmental review
With specified mitigation and monitoring, no significant environmental impacts	NEGATIVE DETERMINATION WITH CONDITIONS	The activity passes environmental review on the condition that the specified mitigation and monitoring is implemented
Significant adverse environmental impacts are possible	POSITIVE DETERMINATION	Do full EA or redesign activity
Not enough information to evaluate impacts	DEFERRAL	You cannot implement the activity until the IEE is finalized

ENCAP EA-ESD Training Course: Writing the Preliminary Assessment (IEE). Visit www.encapafrica.org.

## **Justifying categorical exclusions**

If your screening results indicate that some activities qualify for categorical exclusions, these exclusions must be justified in section 4.A.

To justify a categorical exclusion, you should cite the language in Reg. 216.2(c)(2) that creates the exclusion

### For example. . .

"Per 22 CFR 216.2(c)(2)(i), A categorical exclusion is recommended for training activities.

XXX intends to train farmers belonging to producer organizations in financial and business management. These activities will have no effect on the environment."

### 216.2(c)(2)(i) reads. . .

"Education, technical assistance or training programs, except to the extent such programs include activities directly affecting the environment."

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